ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headcehes and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the ealy remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and 31 bottles by all leading drug-gists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KK. WELV YORK, M.W. FOR

Sore Throat Lameness Sore Eyes Sorenes S Cataring Bruises A Burns Female Complaints Rheumatism AND ALL

Inflammation POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5 11 Ave., N.Y.

POND'S EXTRACT 22 OINT MENT. It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts

gives it supreme control over Piles, however severe.

Also for Burns, Scalds,
Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.
Testimonials from all classes
prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by FOND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

The Superior

for all diseases originating in impure plood;

MEDICINE

which may always be relied upon to give the best satisfaction,

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Cures others, will cure you

Beauty often depends on plumpness; so does comfort; so does health. If you get thin, there is something wrong, though you may feel no sign of it.

Thinness itself is a sign; sometimes the first sign; sometimes not.

The way to get back plumpness is by CAREFUL LIVING, which sometimes includes the use of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil.

Let us send you—free—a little book which throws much light on all these subjects.

Scorr & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York, Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. \$1.

\$500 REWARD We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspersia. Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constitution or Costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are trictify compiled with. They are purely Vegetable, and never full to give satisfaction. Sugar Conted. Lang boxes, containing to Pills, 25 cents. Boware of counterfeits, and initialions. The genuine transifictured only by THE JOHN C. WEST COMPANY, CHICAGO, It. Sold by McLAIN BROTHERS, corner Market and Twelfith Sts. Wheeling, W.Va. 1812-1814-184.

THE INTELLIGENCER
IS A CLEAR AND PRESENTABLE PAPER.

CHRISTMAS EVE.

M. M. D. in December 5t. Nicholas. All night long the pine-trees wait.
Dark heads bowed in soleran state.
Wondering what may be the fate
Of little Norway Spruce.

Little Norway Spruce who stood Only lately in the wood. Did they take him for his good— They who bore him off?

Little Norway Spruce so trim, Lithe, and free, and strong of limb! All the pines were proud of him: Now his place is bare. All that night the little tree

In the dark stood patiently,
Far away from forest free,
Laden for the morn, Chained and laden, but intent, On the place his thoughts were bent, They might tell him what it meant, If he could but got

Morning came. The children. "Seel Oh, our glorious Christmas-tree!" Gifts for every one had he: Then he understood.

CHRISTMAS SPORT.

Preparing for a Christmas Hare-Hunt in the South.

Thomas Nelson Page, in December St. Nicholas.

We used to have hunts on Saturdays, just we boys, with perhaps a black boy or two of our particular cronies; but

the great hunt was "in the holidays"—
that is, about Christmas. Then all the
young darkles about the place were free
and ready for sport.
This Christmas hunt was an event.

It was the year 180-, and, Christmas day falling on Sunday, Saturday was given as the first of the holidays. It had been a fine fall; the cover was good, and old hares were plentiful. It had been determined some time before and old hares were plentiful. It had been determined some time before Christmas that we would have a big hare-hunt on that day, and the "boys"—that is, the young darkies—came to the house from the quarters, prepared, and by the time breakfast was over they were waiting for us around the kitchen door. Breakfast was always late about Christmas-time; perhaps the spareribs and sausages and the jelly, dripping through a blanket hung over the legs of an upturned table, accounted dripping through a blanket hung over the legs of an upturned table, accounted for it; and on this Christmas eve it was ten by the tall clock in the corner of the dining-room before we were through. When we came out, the merry darkies were waiting for us around the kitchen door, grinning and showing their shining teeth, and laughing and shouting, and calling the dogs. They were not allowed to have guns; but our guns, long old single-barrels handed down for at least two generations, had been carriat least two generations, had been carri-ed out and cleaned, and they were hand-ing them around, inspecting and aim-ing them with as much pride as if they had been brand-new. There was only one exception to this rule: Uncle Limpy-Jack, so called because he had one leg shorter than the other, was allowed to have a gun. He was a sort of professional hunter about the place. No lord was ever prouder of a special privilege handed down in his family for convenions. generations.

The other fellows were armed with

stout sticks and made much noise. Uncle Limpy-Jack was, as stated, the only exception; he was grave as became a "man" who was a hunter by business and "warn't arter no foolishness." He allowed no one to touch his gun, which thus possessed a special value. He carried his powder in a gourd and his shot

ried his powder in a gourd and his shot in an old rag.

The pack of dogs I have described, lully recruited were hanging around, growling and snarling, sneaking into the kitchen and being kicked out by Aunt Betty and her corps of varicolored assistants, largely augmented at the approach of Christmas with its cheer. The yelping of the mongrel pack, the shouts and whoops of the boys, and the laughyelping of the mongrel pack, the shouts and whoops of the boys, and the laughter of the maids or men about the kitchen and backyard, all in their best clothes and in high spirits, were exhilarating, and with many whoops and much "hollering," we climbed the yard fence, and, disdaining a road, of course, set out down the hill across the field, taking long strides, each one bragging loudly of what he would do.

The Rights of Minorities.

Ex-Speaker Reed in North American Review Jo

This constitution of ours is, however, the only charter of the rights of minorities. The rights herein secured are in their nature like the right of ownership of real estate. They cannot be directly attacked. What are called the rights of minorities in deliberative assemblies are, like the right of any individual in a highway, subject at all times to the control of the whole community. Strictly speaking, they are, like the rights in a highway, bestowed not for the benefit of the minority, but solely for the benefit of the minority, but solely for the benefit of the whole. A few examples will make this very clear, and will show how many of the discussions of the last two years were mere misuse of terms. This constitution of ours is, however, many of the discussions of the last two years were more misuse of terms. Among the most cherished so-called rights of minorities is the right of de-bate. But is that in any sense a right of minorities as such? What is debate, and what is it for? It is not merely a display of the vocabularies of merely a display of the vocabularies of orators. It is not a sacred privilege of talk for no purpose. It is permitted solely to guide the whole assembly to right conclusions. Men join in debate, when they fulfill honestly its mission, for the purpose of pointing out the advantages of the thing proposed or the objections which exist against it. Debate is intended to throw light on the subject from all directions, so that there may be no delusions arising from the may be no delusions arising from the shadows. Now, what is all this for? For the benefit of those who in the re-sult turn out to be the fewer in number? By no manner of means. All this light is thrown, not to enable the minority to prevent conclusions, but to enable the prevent concusions, but to enable the majority to come to right conclusions. It hardly needs more than this statement to show that any right of debate which prevents results by obstruction, instead of guiding to correct results by enlightenment, is a perversion of honest purpose which ought to receive condemnation and repression.

The "Per Capita" Delusion. The "Per Capita" Delusion.

The Century.

The per capita argument has always been a favorite method for sustaining a demand for cheap money. Such demands invariably arise when times are hard, that is, when money is scarce. The cheap money advocates, acting on the knowledge that a great many people are wishing that they had more money in their pockets, come forward with the explanation that the real cause of the trouble is the smallness of the monetary circulation, the volume of currency not being adequate for the demands of the business of the country. They point to other countries, like England, Germany and France, saying that they have a much larger per capita circulation than the United States, and claim that everybody in this country would have more money in his pocket if a great addition of some form of cheap money—either irredeemable paper, or depreciated silver, or sub-treasury notes—were made to the currency.

The fundamental defect in the argument is that it confounds small circulation with small distribution. The

ment is that it confounds small circulation with small distribution. The trouble is not that the circulation is small, but that so many people fail to get much of it. If the circulation were to be doubled, or trebled, or quadrupled, what reason is there for believing that the nearly who have least at present the people who have least at present would have any more? How would

they go to work to get some of the in-crease into their pockets? This, as we said many months ago in one of our earlier articles in this cheap-money series, is the crucial question in all schemes for which and series, is the 'crucial question in all schemes for making money cheap and plentiful. How can a man who wants some of it obtain it except he give labor or goods in return for it? If he have labor or goods to sell, does it make any difference to him whether the volume of currency be large or small? Is it not always large enoughl? Is it not always large enoughl? furnish payment for what he has to sell? And if he has anything to sell, would not be rather receive his payment in dear money than in cheap money? Was there ever a man yet who did not desire to be paid for his wares in the soundest and best money obtainable? Who are the men who hope in some mysterious and best money obtainable? Who are the men who hope, in some mysterious manner, to get money into their pockets through a great issue of cheap money by the government? Are they not, almost invariably men who have nothing to sell in exchange for it?

The Bowery.

The Bowery.

Julian Raiph, in the Century.

The Bowery is something less than a mile in length. It reaches from Chatham Square to the little wedge in front of the Cooper Union at Eighth street, which splits it in twain, sending one half up town to be the great Third avenue, and one half close beside it to be the Fourth avenue. It has the width of both these wide avenues together. Its both these wide avenues together. Its width varies, as becomes an ancient thoroughfare, but I think it averages thoroughfare, but I think it averages more than 100 feet from house-line to house-line, sixty-five feet being the roadway. If you are a stranger and walk down the bowery in the daytime without a guide, you will be apt to notice nothing more particular about it than that it is an enormous, crowded, noisy street of retail shops, lodging-houses and museums. Any old New Yorker will show you some very lod and respectable shops—notably a New Yorker will show you some very old and respectable shops—notably a grocer's, a baker's and a supply of fire-men's goods—which were established there in the days of other generations. But these are not so interesting to a stranger as the many little stores that give a distinctive character to the street. Except in the main street of Havre, I Except in the main street of Havre, I never saw so many shops for the sale of jewelry as there are on the Bowery. Most of them display new, cheap and flashy ornaments; half a dozen are what are called pawnbrokers' sales shops, or shops for the sale of unredeemed pledges; one is a mart for duplicated presents received by persons on their wedding-days, on anniversary occasions, or at Christmas.

The Mother and Child are Doing Well. The Mother and Child are Doing Well.

Mrs. Brown was sick. Her friends said she would never get well. "What's the trouble?" "Oh, some kind of female weakness. The doctors have given up her case as hopeless. 'She may live for some time,' they say, 'but as for a cure that is quite out of the question.'"

question. question."
"I don't believe it," said a woman,
who heard the sad news. "I don't believe she's any worse off than I was five years ago from the same trouble, and I don't look very much like a dead woman, do I?" She certainly did not, woman, do 1?" She certainly did not, with her red, plump cheeks, brighteyes, and 150 pounds of good healthy bone, blood and flesh. "I'm going to see her and tell her how she can get well." She did so. She advised Mrs. Brown to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.
Mrs. Brown took the advice, also the
medicine, which cures all kinds of delicate diseases so common among women, and—pot well. That was two years ago. Last month she presented Mr. Brown with a 10-pound son, and "mother and child are doing well."

It Will Cure Catarrh, CHICAGO, ILL. The Semple Inhaler and Medicine Company, M. Vernon, O.:

GENTLEMEN: — I commenced using your Inhaler some three months ago, and have received such decided benefit from it that I believe it will entirely cure the catarrh with which I have suffered for some years. It far excels anything that I have ever used, and I have tried about overthing.

that I have ever user, about everything.
Respectfully yours,
J. A. Hair, Real Estate and Loan Broker, 159 La-

One of the Irish members of Parliament, Peter McDonald, is totally blind, yet he is one of the most fluent debaters in the House of Commons. He is besides one of the most accomplished Greek scholars in the assembly.

TUAF

I have been a sufferer from catarrh for years. Having tried a number of remedies advertised as "sure cures" without obtaining any relief, I had resolved never to take any other patent medicines, when a friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm. I did so with great reluctance, but can now testify that after using it for six weeks I believe myself cured. It is a most agreeable remedy—an invaluable Balm.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand Avenue, Brooklyn.

The twelve-ounce baby born three weeks ago at Bellefontaine, Ohio, died last Wednesday.

To Young Mothers,

who are for the first time to undergo woman's severest trial, we offer you, not the stupor caused by chloroform, with risk of death for yourself or your dearly-loved and longed-for offspring, but "Mother's Friend," a remedy which will, if used as directed, invariably alleviate the pains, horrors and risks of labor, and often entirely do away with them. Sold at wholesale and retail by Logan Drug Company and all druggists.

Love never picks out a two-cent piece from a purse full of gold coins to put in the collection basket.—Ram's Horn.

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold, or any trouble with throat, chest or lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from in grippe found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottleaf our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at Logan' Drug Co.'s drug store. Large size 50c and \$1 00. 3

Grug store. Large size 50c and \$1 00. 3

For Over Fitty Years

Mea. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth send at once and get a bottleof "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the perscription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

FINANCE AND TRADE.

The Features of the Money and Stock

NEW YORK, Dec. 21 .- Money on call easy, ranging from 234 to 3 per cent. last loan 234 per cent, closed offered at 234 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 43,46 per cent. Sterling exchange quiet and stendy at \$4 8134a4 8374. Sales were 408,000 shares.

The stock market completed short but active work to-day with the largest business of the

Brendstuffs and Provisions.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 24.—Wheat displayed more strength to-day. Cables were about steady, and firm at the start, with donestic markets tending upward, and there was less disposition to sell. The liberal engagements at New York yesterday, the runtors of the advancing cold wave, and later the strong and higher cables from the content, started shorts to covering and developed some investment buying on the theory that it had been going one way loft; enough.

Corn was strong and higher.

Outs were quiet, firm and without feature. Provisions were moderately active. Plour steady.

10 95.

LARD—Cash 86 05; December 20 00; January 85 030 0506 05; May 86 37 540 4 25/46 4 25/4, Stoor Rine-Cash 85 1045 20; December 35 05a 5 10a 5 0; January 85 10a 5 0; January 85 10a 5 0; January 85 10a 5 0; May 85 55a 56a 50;

SHOUT RINS—Cash \$5 10a5 29; December \$5 50a 5 10a5 10; January \$5 17\2\2 a5 20a 5 20; May \$5 55a 5 56a 50.

SHOULDERS—\$4 50; short clear \$550.

Others unchanged.

NEW YORK. Dec. 24.—Flour, receipt: 27,000 barrels; exports 12,000 barrels; exports 12,000 barrels; exports 12000 bushels; saies 1,025,000 bushels; exports 12000 bushels; saies 1,025,000 bushels of inture; and 122,000 bushels; exports 120,000 bushels; exports 124,000 bushels; exports

Cheese firm. Others unchanged.
PHILADELPHIA, PA., Dec. 21.—Flour dull.
Wheat stronger; No. 2 red December \$1 0115a1 02;
January \$1 03; February \$1 0415; March \$1 05a,
1695; Corn stendy; No. 2 mixed December 555c;
January 35c; February 525c; March 525c. Oats
quiet but firm; No. 3 white 41c; No. 2 white
December 41a42c; January 30a41c; February 40a
41c; March 45c. Butter stendy; Pennsylvania
Irints extra 33a36c. Eggs steady; Pennsylvania
Irints extra 33a36c.

CISCINNATI, O., Dec. 24.—Flour quiet. Wheat dull; No. 2 red 35c; receipts 500 bushels; shipments 500 bushels. Corn quiet at 42c. Oats easier; No. 2 mixed 314cc. Nye strong; No. 2, 35c. Pork nominal at \$8.75. Lard quiet at \$5.95. Bulk meats quiet at \$5.25456. 25. Reconsteady at \$6.76. Whisky firm at \$1.18. Butter heavy. Sugar easier. Eggs heavy at 20c. Cheese firm.

HTM.
TOLEDO, O., Dec. 21.—Wheat dull; No. 2 cash and December 88½c; May \$1012£. Corn active; No. 2 cash 4tc. Oats quiet; No. 2 cash 33½c. Rye nominal. Cloverseed dull; cash, December and January and February \$5 40.

Live Stock.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, ILI., Dec. 24.—Cattle, receipts 7,000 head; shipments 3,000 head; market active and higher; prime steers \$5 30a6 00; good to enoice \$5 00a5 20; others \$2 50a3 75; stockers \$2 00a3 00; cows \$1 25a3 00. Hogs, receipts 31,000 head; shipments 6,000 head; market steady; rough and common \$3 50a500; mixed and packers \$5 55a3 80; prime heavy butchers \$8 \$50a3 00; light \$3 40a5 70; Sheep, receipts 5,000 head; shipments 900 head; market steady; native evers \$5 \$0a4 20; mixed \$120a4 7s; wethers \$4 75a5 00; westerns \$4 75; lambs \$3 69a3 75.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Dec. 24.—Cattle, receipts

lambs \$3.60a3.75.

EAST LIBERTY, PA., Dec. 24.—Cattle, receipts 777 head; shipments 736 head; market nothing doing. Hogs, receipts 2.000 head; shipments 1,600 head; market firm; Philadelphias \$3.95a 400; best 50 keat; market firm; Philadelphias \$3.95a 400; best 13.60a 75. Sheep, receipts 1,000 head; shipments 1,000 head; market fair and unchanged.

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 24.—Hogs steady; common and light \$3.15a3.70; packing and butchers \$3.60a3.55; receipts 1,570 head; shipments 1,830 head.

Petroleum.

NewYork, Dec. 21.—Petroleum opened steady, advanced ½e in the early trading, then became dull and remained so until the closed. Pennsylvania oil, spot, opening and lowest 58½e; highest and closing 59½e; January option, opened at 50c. highest and closing 59½e; lowest 59c. Sales 13,000 barrels.

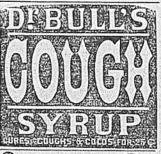
Oil. Ciry. Pa., Dec. 21.—Opened at 59½c; highest 59½c; lowest 59c; closed at 59½c; sales 39.600 barrels; clearances 118,000 barrels; shipments 71,707 barrels; runs 127,276 barrels.

Pirrsnungh, Pa., Dec. 24.—Opened at 591/c; closed at 591/c; highest 591/c; lowest 59c. Wool.

New York, Dec. 24.—Wool quiet; domestic fleece 30a35c; pulled 25a35c; Texas 16a24c. Cotton.

CINCINNATI, O., Dec. 24.—Cotton quiet; mid-dling 754c.

Dr. Woop's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds quicker than any other remedy, because it combines the lung-healing quality of the pine tree with other valuable medicines. Sold by all dealers on a guarantee of satisfaction.



Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.

Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swallings,Bruises,Lumbago,Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Soalds, Backache, etc.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco An-tidotel-Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

MEDICAL

HARMLESS.

TO ASSIST NATURE IN REMOVING the body is the great mission of SWIFT'S SPECIFIC. Microbi cannot exist in the blood when sis properly taken, as it promptly forces them out, and cures the patient. It has relieved thousands

in a few days who had suffered for years.

Mr. F. Z. Nelson, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Nebraska, suffered for years with SCROFULA, and it continued to grow worse in spite of all treatment. Finally, Four Bottles of cured him. He writes: "Words are inadequate to express my gratitude and favorable opinion of

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.

A DYSPEPTIC'S ARGUMENT

A DISPEPTIU S ARGUMENT

Is a growl, and that growl marks the limit of argument with him. The best way to get him to try a medicine would be to advise agains it—but notice how different his tone after using fluriock Blood Bliters.

"I have suffered with dyspepsia for the last two years. Not long ago I commenced taking B.—B. I am now on the second bottle and I feel like a new man.

E Sherwood Ave..

E Sherwood Ave..

REPEATED TESTS WITH UNIFORM SUCCESS prove the fact that Burdock Blood Bitters will cure dyspepsia. The reason is plain, it tones the stomach to natural action and keeps the slutes ways of the system free from clogging impurites.

"I have been troubled, with, despensia and."

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE. THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Fromptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of abuse or excesses. Been prescribed over 25 years in thousands of cases: is the ONLY RELIABLE AND HON-FET MEDICINERNOWS. Ask Refore and After, druggists for Wood's Phosphodness; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Friee, one package, 8; six, 85. One will please, six will cure. Pumphletin plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO.

THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO.,

131 Woodward ave., Detroit, Mich. Sold in Wheeling by LOGAN DRUG CO.



Try the Cure. HAY-FEVER

Is the Best Household Remedy Extant-It is a positive cure for

PILES SALT RHEUM, ECZEMA,

And All Skin Diseases, An invaluable remedy for Wounds, Burns, Swell-

NO HOME SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT, Sold by all druggists at 50 cents per box. Send 3 two-cent stamps for free sample box and book

TAR-OID COMPANY,



A guaranteed Cure for Piles of whatever kind or degree—External, Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching, Chronic, Recent or Horeditary. \$1.00 a box; 6 boxes, \$5.00. Sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. We guarantee to cure any case of Piles. Charanteed and sold only by

TYLMIN BROTHERS.

Druggists, Twelith and Market Sta., Wheeling, W. Va.

R. MARSTON'STREATMEN att IVIAMO I UN O for the core of the core of the core below to the core of th

EDUCATIONAL. MRS. M. STEVENS HART'S

School for

MISS MAE BELLE HART'S

School for Young Children, Will open in September in large, airy and well lighted rooms in the Crangle Block, Market street. A full corps of efficient teachers. The school will be divided into three departments. Primary, Grammar and Academic of three crades and.

school will be divided into three departments. Primary, Grammar and Academic of three grades each.

Loys will be prepared for the Linsly Freshman class.

The past year was successful in a high degree, making necessary a provision for a large increase in the number of pupils.

176

CORNICE AND TIN ROOFING. GALVANIZED IRON CORNICE

#TIN: + ROOFING #

Special attention given to all Einds of Sheet Iron and Tin Work on Buildings. Also Steel and Felt Rooding. Call and get prices before contracting as i am PREPARED TO GIVE BARGAINS in that line of work.

B. F. CALDWELL PHOTOGRAPHY.

T. H. Higgins,

Photographer.

RAILWAY TIME CARD.

Arrival and departure of trains on and after ecomber 11, 1891. EXPLANATION OF REFERENCE IARRS: "Daily; Sunday excepted; Monday acepted; Saturda; excepted; Banday only; Saturday only. Eastern Standard Time. Saturday

BEAVE
BELLARE
9:00 am
9:00 am
4:45 pm
5:30 am
Mixed Train. ARRIVE.
BELLATES
4:10 pm
8:30 nm
6:45 pm WHEELING BRIDGE AND TERMINAL R'WY.
TIME TABLE NO. 2.
To take effect 12.01 a. m., Sunday, Nov. 1, 1891.

On week days, leave Union Station, Wheeling—16:15, 17:20, 48:39, 94:30 *10:30, 91:20 a. m.; *91:20; 30, *92:30, *92:30, *96:30, *96:30, *97:30, \$18:30, \$19:30

n.; °6:05 p. m. †Daily, except Sunday. *Dailey.

RAILROADS.

On and after Monday, September 14, 1891, trains

LEAVE WHEELING.—65:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 8:00 a. m., 9:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 11:00 a. m., *12:00 m., 1:00 p. m., 2 p. m., 3:00 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 5:00 p. m., 5:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m., 11:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m., 9:

10:00 p. m.

*Daily, except Sunday.

EXEMPAY.—Church trains leave Fim Grove at
9:53 a. m. and Wheeling at 12:17 p. m.

BALTIMORE & OHIO.

Departure and arrival of trains at Wheeling. Eastern time. Schedule in effect becember 13, 1891.

MAIN LINE EAST.

Moundsville accommodation, 8:10 a. m., ex-cept Sunday, and 2:10 p. m., daily. Cameron accommodation, 6:00 p. m., except Sunday.

Sunday.

Fom New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, 8:29 a. m. and 12:39 p. m. and 11:29 p. m.; daily. Cumberland accommodation, 4:35 p. m., except Sunday.

Grafton accommodation, 12:30 p. m., daily.

Moundsyllie accommodation, 8:29 a. m., 12:50,

lay. TRANS-OHIO DIVISION.

For Chicago. 7:30 and 10:15 a. m. and 10:30 p. m. dally, and 3:15 p. m., dally, except Sunday. Cincinnati express, 7:30 and 10:15 a. m. dally and 10:30 p. m. dally, except Saturday, and 2:35 t. m. Sunday only.

Columbus accommodotion, 3:15 p. m., dally, except Saturday.

p. m., daily. Cincinnati express, 6:05 a, m. and 6:00 p. m., daily. Columbus accomodation, 12:05 p. m., daily,

except Sunday.
St. Clairsville accommodation, 12:05 p. m. and
6:00 p. m., daily, except Sunday. WHEELING & PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

From Pittsburgh. 10:10 n. m., daily and 12:50 m., daily, except Sunday; 6:55 and 10:25 p. m.,

OHIO RIVER RAILROAD. Direct route to Marietta, Parkersburg, Point Pleasant, Huntington, Ashland, Portsmouth and Cincinnati, Also to Charleston, Clifton Force and Staunton, Va., and Lexington and Louis-

p.m.

Lexington

Central Standard Time.

From Bridgeport Station.

Trains via the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad leave Bridgeport for Pittsburgh, Chicago
and Cleveland, 4:90 a.m. For Pittsburgh, 10:12
a.m. For Chicago and Cleveland, 1:00 p.m. For
Pittsburgh and New York, 2:41 p.m. For Wellsville, 3:43 a.m. For East Liverpool, 6:11 p.m.

Trains arrive at Bridgeport at 8:00 a.m., 10:30 a.
m.; 2:05 p.m., 8:15 p.m., 4:52 p.m., and 6:15
p.m.

FROM WHEELING STATION.

m: 2:05 p. m, 8:15 p. m, 4:52 p. m, and 6:19 p. m. FROM WHEELING STATION.

Trains via the Pittsburgh. Cincinnati & St. Louis Italiway—Pan-liandle Route—leave Wheeling for Steubenville. Pittsburgh and the East. 6:20 a. m., 12:30 p. m., 3:20 p. m., and 9:05 p. m. For Columbus. Cincinnati. Indiampolis and St. Louis, 7:30 a. m. and 9:05 p. m. For Columbus and Chicago, 12:30 p. m. Trains arrive at Wheeling at 5:50 a. m., 9:30 a. m., 2:35 p. m., 8:20 p. m. and 5:25 p. m. Trains leave at 6:20 a. m. and arriving at 8:20 p. m., run solid between Wheeling and St. 12 p. m., run solid between Wheeling and St. 20 p. m., and 3:25 p. m. Trains daily except Sunday.

DAW

A Wise Merchant

still. Stagnation is death -in TRADE as in other things. Now Customers should be sought after all the time. There is only one way to get them-use the Advertising columns

DEPAIR.

17:70 am

18:20 am

19:20 am

19:20 am

19:20 am

19:20 am

19:20 pm

19:20 p

DETAILT OHE PASSENG | 11:50 pm | Passeng | 11:50 pm | Passeng | 11:50 pm | Passenger | 12:50 pm | Passenger | 12:50 pm | Passenger | 13:50 pm | Passenger | 14:50 pm | Passenger | 15:50 pm | Passenger | 15:5

On week days, leave Laughlin's Mills-†6:32 a.

WHEELING & ELM GROVE RAILROAD.

m., 6:00 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 8:00 p. m., 9:00 p. m., 11:10 p. m.

LEAVE FLM GROVE.—6:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m., 9:00 m., 6:00 p. m.,

J. G. GILLELEN. General Manager.

For Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, 12:25 a.m., 5:55 a.m., 2:10 p.m., daily, Cumberland accommedation, 8:10 a.m., daily xeept Sunday.

Grafton accommodation, 2:10 p.m., daily, Moundsville accommodation, 8:10 a.m., except Sunday, and 2:10 p.m., daily, moundsville accommodation, 2:10 p.m., active the sunday, and 2:10 m., daily.

Moundsville accommodation, 8:20 a. m., 12:50, p. m., daily: 4:55 p. m., except Sunday. Cameron accommodation, 7 a. m., except Sun-

Columous accommodation, 319 p. m., daily, except Sunday.
St. Clairsville accommodation, 10:15 a. m. and 3:15 p. m., except Sunday.
ARRIVE.
Chicago express, 1:15 and 6:10 a. m. and 6:00 p. m., daily.

For Pittsburgh 6:10 and 7:20 a. m., daily; 1:30 p. m., daily, except Sunday.

For Pittsburgh and the East, 6:10 p. m., daily, washington accommodation, 5:00 p. m., daily, except Sunday.

Annive

p. m., daily, except Sunday; 6:55 and 10:25 p. m., daily. Washington accommodation, 7:50 a. m., daily, except Sunday.

Leave— Wheeling..... Arfive— Marietta.... Parkersburg..... 2:10 2:30 7:10 Charleston.. Clifton Forge...

Baggago checked through to destination of tickets.
W. J. ROBINSON, General Passenger Agent, Parkersburg, W. Va.
A. J. Bandy, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Parkersburg, W. Va.
J. G. TOZLINSON, Passenger Agent, Wheeling, W. Va.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Is never content to stand

of Good Newspapers.